

BASE BALL GAMES.

Secretary Windom Talks on the Great Silver Problem.

HE INSISTS THAT HE IS NOT A CONTRACTIONIST.

Letter from the Head of the Treasury Department on the Circulation—Capital News.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Secretary Windom has written a letter in reply to an article in a financial newspaper on the general subject of the currency in which he undertakes to refute the assertion that the administration favors the contraction of the currency. He gives figures in regard to the circulation and treasury holdings May 1 and makes comparison with the estimated circulation of the principal countries of Europe.

According to these figures and estimating the present population of the United States at 64,000,000 the amount of metallic and paper money in the United States, not including the gold and silver coins, is \$22.35 per capita, or more than in any of the leading countries in Europe with the exception of France, in which the circulation is estimated at \$17.36 per capita. Mr. Windom says:

"In regard to the money supposed to be hoarded by the United States treasury, aside from the fund deposited in the treasury by national banks for the redemption of their notes which have been retired, which the government holds as a trustee, and the balances on deposit in the treasury by disbursing officers, the only reserve which is kept by the treasury is \$100,000,000 in gold for the redemption of legal tender notes as provided by the acts of 1875 and 1882.

"There is no disposition on the part of the administration of the treasury to hoard money, and the so-called surplus, which is the excess of the receipts over the expenditures, can be used under the present law only in the redemption of the bonded debt of the United States, which is being paid rapidly as the bonds can be judiciously purchased. The surplus on the 1st inst. amounted to only \$26,930,623, exclusive of fractional silver coin, of which \$31,648,898 was on deposit in national banks performing the duty of a circulating medium. It is the policy and purpose of the department to withdraw a large portion of this deposit and invest it in United States bonds as rapidly as it can be done without danger of decreasing the actual circulation."

In support of this statement the secretary says that of the \$91,643,591 total amount of money in the treasury April 1, last, \$134,938,029 in gold coin was deposited for the redemption of gold certificates and \$290,605,529 in silver dollars for the redemption of silver certificates. Neither of these amounts belong to the government, but both are held simply in trust for the redemption of gold and silver certificates outstanding.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A Day's Proceedings in Congress—The Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Mr. Cullom, from the Committee on Interstate Commerce, made a report with testimony on the subject of American commerce by Canadian railroads. Orders printed.

Mr. Vest introduced a bill to amend the Interstate Commerce act, stating that its object was to place express companies under the provisions of that act; and asked the attention of the Interstate Commerce Committee on the subject.

Mr. Cullom stated that the committee had had that subject under consideration, but that because of the pressure of more important legislation as to common carriers, and because it was not possible to secure legislation in both directions, that subject had been postponed. The committee, he said, would probably take up the question again, especially as the bill had been introduced.

The bill was referred to the Committee on Interstate Commerce.

The concurrent resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Dolph, requesting the President to enter into negotiations with the Government of Great Britain and Mexico, with a view to securing treaty stipulations for the prevention of entry of Chinese laborers into the United States, was taken up and agreed to.

A message from the House, with the House amendment to the Senate dependent pension bill, was laid before the Senate, and Mr. Davis, chairman of the committee on pensions, moved that the amendment be non-concurred in and a conference asked. Referred to the committee on pensions.

The customs administrative bill was then taken up and passed by a vote of 35 yeas to 18 nays. Mr. Payne being the only Democrat voting in the affirmative. The bill was practically unchanged from that reported by the finance committee March 19, the only change of any importance being the insertion of a provision in the fourth section that the Secretary of the Treasury may make regulations by which books, magazines, and other periodicals published and imported in parts, numbers and volumes and entered to the free of duty shall require but one declaration for the entire series. A conference on the disagreeing votes was asked and Messrs. Allison, Aldrich and McPherson were appointed conferees.

Mr. Platt gave notice that he would next Monday ask the Senate to take up the bill for the admission of the State of Wyoming.

bill, and it was defeated—yeas, 68; nays, 124. Before the announcement of the result Mr. Breckinridge of Kentucky, who voted in the affirmative, charged his vote to the negative for the purpose of moving a reconsideration.

Mr. Hopkins of Illinois moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table, and Mr. Adams of Illinois to take a recess. A vote was taken on the recess motion and it was defeated, but as the hour of 5 o'clock had arrived the chair declared that under the rule the House was in recess until 8 o'clock. The motion to reconsider and to lay the motion on the table went over.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Mr. Milliken, of Maine, presented and the House adopted the conference report on the Lafayette (Ind.) Public Building bill. The limit of cost is \$80,000. The same action was taken on the conference report on the Clearwater (Pa.) Public Building bill, in which case the limit of cost is fixed at \$80,000.

Mr. Davidson, of Florida, presented a protest of citizens of Key West against the tariff schedule of the tariff bill. Referred.

On motion of Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, a resolution was adopted setting apart Saturday, June 14, for the delivery of eulogies upon the late Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania. The House then resumed the consideration of the

DUSTIN GETS IT.

Nominated for Assistant United States Treasurer at Chicago.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Daniel Dustin, Assistant United States Treasurer at Chicago.

T. Pitt Cook, Collector of Customs at Sandusky, Ohio.

William C. Brace, Appraiser of Merchandise, District of Cuyahoga, Ohio.

[General Dustin resides at Aurora. He was a good soldier during the war and slept on "the cold, cold ground," under the same tent with President Harrison.]

BASE BALL GAMES.

The National League.

A Chicago Pittsburg took a game from the home team by the following score:

Pittsburg.....0 5 2 0 0 1 0 0 1—9
Chicago.....1 0 0 1 0 1 0 4 0—7

AT PHILADELPHIA.
Philadelphia.....0 1 0 0 3 3 0 0—7
New York.....2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2

AT CLEVELAND.
Cincinnati.....2 0 1 0 3 2 0 0—8
Cleveland.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

AT BROOKLYN.
Boston.....1 1 5 1 0 0 1 2—11
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—2

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.
At Cleveland the Chicago had it all their own way. Score:

Chicago.....4 1 3 1 2 0 0 0—11
Cleveland.....1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—4

AT PHILADELPHIA.
Boston.....0 5 0 0 0 1 0 0—6
Philadelphia.....1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—3

AT BROOKLYN.
Brooklyn.....0 0 2 0 1 0 0 2—6
New York.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

AT PITTSBURGH.
Buffalo.....1 0 0 2 0 0 1 0—4
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 11; Louisville, 9.

At Toledo—Toledo, 3; Columbus, 3.
At Rochester—Athletics, 6; Rochester, 3.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 9; Brooklyn, 3.

INTER-STATE LEAGUE.
At Galesburg—Galesburg, 31; Peoria, 5.

At Burlington—Burlington, 6; Quincy, 5.

At Evansville—Terre Haute, 5; Evansville, 4.

ILLINOIS-IOWA LEAGUE.
At Sterling—Monmouth, 22; Sterling, 6.

At Joliet—Ottumwa, 15; Joliet, 6.
At Aurora—Cedar Rapids, 5; Aurora, 1.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

At Ottawa—Dubuque, 12; Ottawa, 5.

THE STRIKE SPREADING.

Angry Strikers Take Possession of a Manufacturing Town in France.

MANY ESTABLISHMENTS AT CHICAGO CLOSED.

Iron Molders in Several Factories Refuse to Work—Planting Mill Men Idle—Echoes of Labor Day.

CHICAGO, May 3.—All the employees in the planing-mill establishments of the southwest side—in the district bounded by Western avenue, Center avenue, Sixteenth street, and the South branch of the river—have struck for eight hours and eight hours pay. The move was decided Thursday night and around all the planing-mill Friday morning were collected knots of idle men. In most instances the men quit work without notifying their employers.

Among all the planing-mills there was but one where the men were at work and that was at A. Bennett's.

At W. S. Beahel's some non-union men were at work. Three hundred strikers started for the place to "clean out the establishment," as the strikers said. Mr. Beahel, becoming frightened sent for the police and the patrol-wagon was sent to the scene of the prospective trouble.

Trouble is feared at many of the establishments. The strikers claim every planing-mill employee in the city will strike. The planing-mill men number all the way from 22,000 to 30,000 men. All the hands at the C. J. L. Meyer & Sons company, manufacturers of sashes, doors, and blinds, have gone out on strike. The employees number 400.

The yards of the firm are at the north pier. The men demanded nine hours' work with nine hours' pay as a substitute for the ten-hour system, and declined to accede, and offered eight hours, and informed the men that they would take the matter of pay under advisement. The men refused his offer.

The 400 strikers are composed of machinists, cabinet-makers, and carpenters. There will be a meeting between the employers and a committee of the strikers this afternoon.

It is reported that all the employees at the sash, door, and blind factory, had struck this morning. Palmer & Fisher employ 500 men. Their demands are similar to those of the employees of the C. J. L. Meyer & Sons company.

It is also said that 300 men at Hinsey & Weiss' factory at Twenty-second and Brown streets have gone on a strike. The signal has been given and the iron molders in most of the large manufacturing establishments of the city have gone out on strike, or rather they have declined to go to work at the old rates.

The fires under the furnaces of the Malleable Iron works at Twenty-sixth and Rockwell streets have been banked, the seventy-five molders there having declined to resume work. They asked for the eight-hour day and a uniform rate of wages. This was refused. There are 1,600 men employed at the Malleable Iron continues, and the entire plant will be compelled to shut down. The men simply declined to return to their posts and pickets were placed about the works to keep that no union men went to work. They then say they are out to win a corpus should not be granted in the Kemmler case. The request may precipitate an argument which will settle the whole question of electrical execution.

Mr. Hubbard, manager of the Westinghouse company, was asked what truth there was in the charge of a morning newspaper that it was the Westinghouse interest which prompted the rushing of the bill abolishing capital punishment through the State Assembly on Thursday. "It is absolutely false," said he.

VAST DISTRICTS IN FLAMES.

Forest Fires Raging in Wisconsin and Threatening Great Loss.

MILWAUKEE, May 3.—Serious forest fires are reported from the northern part of the State. Much damage has been done around Mason, along the Omaha Road, where the woods are ablaze and two or three houses in the town burned. A fire in the stumps and underbrush bordering on the mines from Ashland to Aurora, burning three or four miners' cottages. The mills and factories at Rico Lake, Barron County, are kept closed so the men can protect their homes, and a fire engine has been sent from Chippewa Falls.

HOUSE TO BURN—on South Third St., near high school. Wm. Ross.

To Nervous Debilitated Men. If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dyes' Compound Electro-Vitalic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor, and manhood, and health. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances on a trial.

VOLTAIO BELT CO., Marshall Mich.

Angry Strikers Take Possession of the Town of Tourcoing.

PARIS, May 3.—A dispatch from Tourcoing, an extensive manufacturing town in the department of the North, states that serious trouble has broken out there.

The hands employed in twenty-six mills at that place went on strike this morning and great crowds of men gathered about the streets to discuss their grievances. The crowd was augmented by a body of 5,000 strikers from Roubaix, another manufacturing town a short distance from Tourcoing, who marched in a mass into the latter place, and soon all hands began showing an ugly feeling, which culminated in a serious rioting, which was progressing at noon, the time the dispatch was sent. Military reinforcements have been summoned to aid the authorities in restoring order.

Pays Forty Cents on the Dollar.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 3.—Moses Fraley, the great speculator who failed here a few weeks ago, has compromised with his creditors on the basis of forty cents on the dollar—twenty cents in cash, ten cents in notes for six months, and ten cents in notes for a year. Mr. Fraley, who is reputed to be rich, is to indorse the notes.

Filled With Buckshot.

JOLIET, Ill., May 3.—A burglar named Thomas Jost, got into his house last night while trying to enter S. Danielson's residence. He is now in a critical condition at the hospital, and the doctors are busy extracting buckshot from his peppered body.

A \$50.00 outfit will be furnished on 30 days' time to the first responsible agent that applies for it, with a guarantee of \$150.00 profit in four weeks or no pay. Exclusive control of your county given. Something new and with great possibilities. We prove our responsibility. Address at once, with stamp, A. B. JANVIS & Co., Racine, Wis.

TESTIMONY AT LITTLE ROCK.

Bentley and Pate Accused of the Murder of John M. Clayton.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 3.—Before the Clayton-Brockbridge investigating committee Col. W. H. H. Clayton told about his going to Plummerville on Jan. 1889, the day after he heard of his brother's death. He said no one in Plummerville offered him any assistance; that the houses were closed; no one was on the street and everybody avoided him. He thought that the conspiracy to murder his brother was concocted in Morrill and that it was known to at least twenty-five men in the county that it was to occur.

He believed that his brother was killed by Oliver Bentley and Bob Pate. He was firmly convinced that the persons who stole the ballot-box killed his brother. He did not charge the Democratic party with being responsible for the crime. He believed the community in Arkansas desired that the murderer should be caught and punished. He believed that the Governor had done his duty in his efforts to capture the assassin, but thought he had been off on the wrong track.

ARE IN BUSINESS AGAIN.

Henry S. Ives and George Stayner Open Offices in Aldrich Court.

New York, May 3.—Henry S. Ives, the Napoleon of finance, and George Stayner, who were recently released from the Ludlow street jail, have gone back into business with the utmost expedition. They have offices in Aldrich Court, which is noted as the headquarters of more schemes in the process of "floating" than any office building in New York.

It seems as though every thing of a highly speculative character, good, bad, and indifferent, is thrown on the New York public, emanating from the gilt edged offices in Aldrich Court. It is said that Ives has a scheme on foot to secure control of a manufacturing company for the purpose of stock up and run on the high pressure principle.

Ives and Stayner both have money if the books of their old firm tell a correct story, and it is variously estimated at from \$250,000 to \$500,000 apiece.

KIDNAPED THE BRIDE-ELECT.

How a Wisconsin Girl's Brother Prevented a Wedding.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 3.—Lizzie Nelson, a farmer's daughter, aged 17, of Otter Creek, Dunn county, was engaged to be married to Ole Anderson yesterday morning. Her father favored the match, but one of the girl's brothers and a cousin, who were out to win a corpus should not be granted in the Kemmler case. The request may precipitate an argument which will settle the whole question of electrical execution.

Mr. Hubbard, manager of the Westinghouse company, was asked what truth there was in the charge of a morning newspaper that it was the Westinghouse interest which prompted the rushing of the bill abolishing capital punishment through the State Assembly on Thursday. "It is absolutely false," said he.

VAST DISTRICTS IN FLAMES.

Forest Fires Raging in Wisconsin and Threatening Great Loss.

MILWAUKEE, May 3.—Serious forest fires are reported from the northern part of the State. Much damage has been done around Mason, along the Omaha Road, where the woods are ablaze and two or three houses in the town burned. A fire in the stumps and underbrush bordering on the mines from Ashland to Aurora, burning three or four miners' cottages. The mills and factories at Rico Lake, Barron County, are kept closed so the men can protect their homes, and a fire engine has been sent from Chippewa Falls.

HOUSE TO BURN—on South Third St., near high school. Wm. Ross.

To Nervous Debilitated Men. If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dyes' Compound Electro-Vitalic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor, and manhood, and health. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances on a trial.

VOLTAIO BELT CO., Marshall Mich.

Angry Strikers Take Possession of the Town of Tourcoing.

PARIS, May 3.—A dispatch from Tourcoing, an extensive manufacturing town in the department of the North, states that serious trouble has broken out there.

The hands employed in twenty-six mills at that place went on strike this morning and great crowds of men gathered about the streets to discuss their grievances. The crowd was augmented by a body of 5,000 strikers from Roubaix, another manufacturing town a short distance from Tourcoing, who marched in a mass into the latter place, and soon all hands began showing an ugly feeling, which culminated in a serious rioting, which was progressing at noon, the time the dispatch was sent. Military reinforcements have been summoned to aid the authorities in restoring order.

Pays Forty Cents on the Dollar.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 3.—Moses Fraley, the great speculator who failed here a few weeks ago, has compromised with his creditors on the basis of forty cents on the dollar—twenty cents in cash, ten cents in notes for six months, and ten cents in notes for a year. Mr. Fraley, who is reputed to be rich, is to indorse the notes.

Filled With Buckshot.

JOLIET, Ill., May 3.—A burglar named Thomas Jost, got into his house last night while trying to enter S. Danielson's residence. He is now in a critical condition at the hospital, and the doctors are busy extracting buckshot from his peppered body.

A \$50.00 outfit will be furnished on 30 days' time to the first responsible agent that applies for it, with a guarantee of \$150.00 profit in four weeks or no pay. Exclusive control of your county given. Something new and with great possibilities. We prove our responsibility. Address at once, with stamp, A. B. JANVIS & Co., Racine, Wis.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S

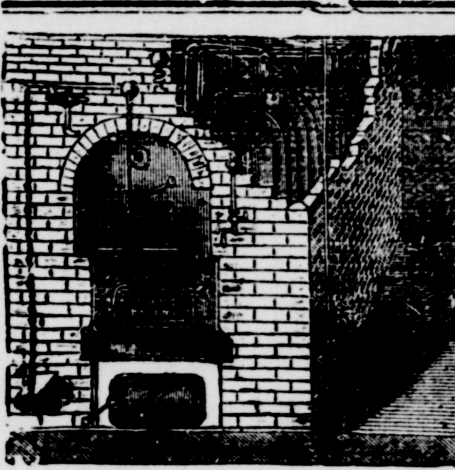
CREAM

BAKING

POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

The superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great Universities at the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain alumina. It is sold only in cans. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.



PLUMBING, GAS FITTING
Steam and Hot Water Heating. PUMPS AND REPAIRS.
Sewer and Cesspool Building
H. E. MERILL & CO.
CORN EXCHANGE SQUARE

EXCURSION!

JANESVILLE TO—

CHICAGO.

THURSDAY, MAY 8TH.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS

\$2.75.

Good to return on any train for five days.

Tickets are good on trains leaving Janesville on May 4th, via C. & N. W. R. R. at the following times: 5:30 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 2:30 p. m., 6:20 a. m., via Detroit, 2:30 p. m. via Chicago.

At there may be ample Railroad accommodations provided, all persons intending to go are requested to purchase their tickets by Wednesday noon, May 7th.

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive prompt attention. Tickets for sale at King & Kelly's, Janesville, Wis.

VAST DISTRICTS IN FLAMES.

Forest Fires Raging in Wisconsin and Threatening Great Loss.

MILWAUKEE, May 3.—Serious forest fires are reported from the northern part of the State. Much damage has been done around Mason, along the Omaha Road, where the woods are ablaze and two or three houses in the town burned. A fire in the stumps and underbrush bordering on the mines from Ashland to Aurora, burning three or four miners' cottages. The mills and factories at Rico Lake, Barron County, are kept closed so the men can protect their homes, and a fire engine has been sent from Chippewa Falls.

HOUSE TO BURN—on South Third St., near high school. Wm. Ross.

To Nervous Debilitated Men. If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dyes' Compound Electro-Vitalic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor, and manhood, and health. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances on a trial.

VOLTAIO BELT CO., Marshall Mich.

Angry Strikers Take Possession of the Town of Tourcoing.

PARIS, May 3.—A dispatch from Tourcoing, an extensive manufacturing town in the department of the North, states that serious trouble has broken out there.

The hands employed in twenty-six mills at that place went on strike this morning and great crowds of men gathered about the streets to discuss their grievances. The crowd was augmented by a body of 5,000 strikers from Roubaix, another manufacturing town a short distance from Tourcoing, who marched in a mass into the latter place, and soon all hands began showing an ugly feeling, which culminated in a serious rioting, which was progressing at noon, the time the dispatch was sent. Military reinforcements have been summoned to aid the authorities in restoring order.

Pays Forty Cents on the Dollar.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 3.—Moses Fraley, the great speculator who failed here a few weeks ago, has compromised with his creditors on the basis of forty cents on the dollar—twenty cents in cash, ten cents in notes for six months, and ten cents in notes for a year. Mr. Fraley, who is reputed to be rich, is to indorse the notes.

Filled With Buckshot.

JOLIET, Ill., May 3.—A burglar named Thomas Jost, got into his house last night while trying to enter S. Danielson's residence. He is now in a critical condition at the hospital, and the doctors are busy extracting buckshot from his peppered body.

A \$50.00 outfit will be furnished on 30 days' time to the first responsible agent that applies for it, with a guarantee of \$150.00 profit in four weeks or no pay. Exclusive control of your county given. Something new and with great possibilities. We prove our responsibility. Address at once, with stamp, A. B. JANVIS & Co., Racine, Wis.

Four Notable Offerings.

FIRST. Dr. Wm. B. Judd's fine residence 101 North Bluff street. This central and charming home is offered by us at a price and on terms that must induce a sale within 30 days. There are a number of people who want this property, but one of them can get it. Come in and let us tell you about it.

SECOND. One hundred and five and 1/2 Jackson street, south. This excellent property will pay a rental of 10 per cent. on our asking price, and is sure to increase in value 5 per cent. per annum for next five years. You can't afford to pass it. It will be sold within next 30 days. Don't lose this chance of a first-class investment either as a home or as speculation.

THIRD. Our new house on lot 38, Riverview Park; we will sell this property at \$250 less than it can be duplicated and take \$200 cash payment, the balance payable on easy monthly installments of about what a similar place will cost for rent. Where can you equal this opportunity?

FOURTH. Lot 4 by 12 rods on Clark street, next lot Mrs. Jeanette Munger's, where she is fitting up the "Humphrey House" for her home. We will give an immediate purchaser a bargain on this lot that can't be found anywhere else in the city.

Yours truly,
Geo. L. & SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

THE ABOVE ARE JUST FLYERS.

But we have 100 bargains in Forces; Park home sites, that no home seeker can afford to overlook. Our new private water main is under way. We have plans maturing that will surely increase prices up in this charming addition 25 per cent. If you come in this month you will get it at old prices and "stand up" with us on advance. We will offer any terms to any who will build now, and in fact easy terms to any one who may now either to improve or to hold. You can't place your

THE GOVERNOR AND MR. PAYNE

The Milwaukee Sentinel in publishing an interview with Mr. Payne says:

There is shown a demonstration in certain quarters as to the head of Governor Board and to do this is executing a platform on which the governor will be willing to stand. Such talk is the latest romance. Chairman Payne is too astute a politician to attempt anything of the kind. He knows the hold the governor has on the people of the state and would be the last man to go against it.

Speaking of the stories put about by the Democratic press and others, he said yesterday: "All this talk is idle gossip. What we are after and what all republicans will, I believe, work for heartily is a solidifying of party ranks rather than a fighting time in connection with the election. All talk of any kind of disagreement involving any serious principle or disturbance of party affiliation between Governor Board and myself is entirely without foundation in fact."

It will prove an idle effort to create a rupture between Governor Board and Mr. Payne. One of the most astute politicians in the west is Henry C. Payne. He is a thorough diplomat in dealing with men and politics. He will always win where winning is a possible thing. He will never commit a blunder. He will never sacrifice a principle that is worth trying to. He has too much respect for Governor Board and has too deep an interest in the welfare of the republican party to put a straw's weight in the way of the governor's re-election.

There is no doubt that Mr. Payne will continue the chairmanship of the republican committee. He would not accept the office and its responsibility were the republican convention to stubbornly adopt a resolution which would be so strongly in opposition to the dominant sentiment of the party as to endanger success. Mr. Payne knows more about the republican situation, especially in the eastern part of the state, than all the men combined who oppose him. But the convention will not be required over the best interests of the republican party. It will adopt such a resolution as shall bind the party to a support of the principles of the educational law, and which will, in all probability, keep within the ranks of the republican party the great body of Lutherans who find objections to some of the non-essentials of the so-called Bennett law. This can be done, and will be done.

If Henry C. Payne, shall be permitted to suggest a course for the republicans to take in the coming campaign, he will certainly do two things: He will carry the state and save all there is worth saving in the educational law. And any suggestion he may make will be one which will honor the republican party and meet with the cordial support of Governor Board. When the republican leaders who are discussing the Bennett law get their heads together, there is very little difference between them.

THE PENSION DRAINAGE.

It is not surprising that many people begin to feel alarmed over the increase in the pension rolls. Should the Morrill bill be incurred in by the senate, there will then be nearly one million persons on the pension rolls. There were on the pension rolls on the 30th day of June, of last year, 499,725 persons. The increase in pension expenditures for the past four years is as follows: 1886, \$63,404,000; 1887, \$75,029,000; 1888, \$80,288,000; and 1889, \$87,624,000. The estimates for the current year are nearly \$100,000,000. It is supposed that the Morrill bill, should it pass, will add very nearly \$90,000,000 to the annual expenditures, making the total amount annually paid out for pensions, about \$195,000,000.

The pension bureau is adding something like five or six thousand names to the rolls every month, and still there are 250,000 applications on hand which have not been acted upon.

It is worth while to pause and ponder this question of granting pensions. There is a constant effort being made by representatives in congress to do something for the soldiers. Very largely this effort is in form of demagoguery. The man who introduces the most extravagant bill is the best man for a certain class of applicants; and so there is a constant and growing desire to legislate for the soldiers. The Morrill bill is probably the best in principle were it not for the fact that it gives a pension to everybody who was in the army no matter whether he is a man of millions or totally dependent. Of course, this feature of the proposed law is bad for the reason that it is willful extravagance. No argument can justify such a use of public money. The soldier who needs the money is the one who is rightfully entitled to the service pension. If congress is bound to give away all these millions to soldiers, then let the wisdom of that body bring forth a bill which shall divide the money among the soldiers who stand in need of the assistance of the government. There is some sense and justice in this—there is none in the other proposition.

The difficulty between Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Dana has been greatly aggravated. The reporter for the World who first interviewed the ex-president makes affidavit, in which he reiterates all he said about Cleveland in the now famous interview, is a scathing document, and will be published next week. The abuse Cleveland heaped upon Dana's head was not half told in the interview printed. It is said that the ex-president will be compelled to take important notice of this affidavit for the reason that it practically calls him a liar. The course the World has taken in this matter is a disgrace to journalism. (Mr. Cleveland has some weaknesses, but he is entitled to decent treatment, nevertheless. If he talked confidentially to the democratic reporter, the latter had no right to betray Mr. Cleveland's confidence; neither was it keeping with the dignity of the position Mr. Cleveland holds for him to use the language he did, privately or otherwise, toward Mr. Dana. It is a quarrel that dishonors everybody connected with it.)

STRIKING FOR EIGHT HOURS.

There are thousands of men on strike in Chicago for the eight hour system. The carpenters began the movement a few days ago, and now almost every trade in that city is demanding that eight hours shall be considered a day's labor, and for all work above that time extra pay shall be given.

It cannot be conjectured what will be the result of this general movement. It begins at a time when all the trades are the most busy. The carpenters especially, strike at a season of the year when the building interests of the city can ill-afford to lose their services. Whether builders and business generally can afford to have this strike continue any length of time, is a question; and certainly the carpenters themselves cannot afford to waste much time in idleness. As a rule, strikes do not pay. They are demoralizing in their influence. They bring loss to the striker and his home. The gain, if any there be, do not counterbalance the losses. This is the history of all the strikes in this country.

The sentiment of the country is not agreed on the righteousness of the eight hour system. If the strikers would ask for eight hours' pay for eight hours' work, and compensation for extra time, there would be no difficulty in settling the matter. But to demand, as many do, ten hours' pay for eight hours' work, is a movement about the wisdom of which there is a wide difference of opinion.

A few days ago the Gazette discussed this question at length, and gave the result of the eight hour movement in Australia where it first started in 1855. In that country the system seems to work well. The employers are well satisfied with the change, and assert that they secure better work, and in many cases more of it under the eight hour system, than they did under the ten hour law. Everybody will agree that to a sober-minded workman, who has a desire to do the best he can for himself and his family, who does not trifle away his spare time, the eight hour law would be beneficial; and there is no doubt that the industry and honesty would also impel him to do more faithful work for his employer. To a large class of other workmen, the shorter hours would be a term and not an advantage.

It would seem from the general movement that is being made for the eight hour system, that eventually it will be adopted in the large cities.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

The authors of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," Mr. Burnett, is reported to have made half a million dollars by her pen. The long distance telephone service has been made so efficient that the voice of Niagara Falls can be heard in New York over the lines.

Miss Fatti's New York friends are claiming that she has been offered \$10,000 a night to sing in the Chicago Auditorium during the world's fair.

Mr. W. H. Kelly, who has just been elected mayor of Edgerton, Kansas, is only 23 years old, and is believed to be the youngest mayor in the United States.

Colonel Ingersoll claims that he has absolutely no superstitious, unless it be of the old Scotchwoman, who always said she felt that she would live through the year if she lived through February.

In round numbers 10,000 workmen participated in the Chicago parade Thursday. Reckoning the average daily wage of each man at \$2, the turnout cost \$20,000 without any allowance for diversions on the side. But of course the show was worth the money.

At the close of a fair in South Boston the other evening, the useful articles were offered at auction, and a round lot of cream pies were knocked down to a gentleman who seemed particularly anxious to get them. "My wife made these pies," he said, and gave them to the fair; but as she never makes any of this quality except to give away, my only chance is to buy them. And then he sat down and consumed a couple in silence.

Mrs. Anna Hyde is the oldest pensioner in the United States. She is the widow of a veteran of the war of 1812. Recently she celebrated her 101st birthday. She makes no attempt to conceal her age.

The Rev. John Prince, a Methodist minister 80 years of age, and Mrs. Cynthia Wood, 84 years of age, and mother of a member of parliament, were married recently in Montreal. They were lovers when the century was young, but their parents forbade their match and they parted.

Chief Justice Fuller looks a good deal more like a cavalry officer than the presiding judge of the United States supreme court. Even seated on the bench, with the golden eagle flapping its wings over his head, and clad in the silk robes of his office, there is little of the judicial about his appearance. It is the heavy mustache, nearly white, that distinguishes the chief justice from his brethren and gives him a war-like look. He is certainly the handsomest man on the bench. Men and women agree as to that.

There is something peculiarly sad connected with the imprisonment of Charles T. Wright, formerly of Racine, who murdered the two men in Michigan last year, who attempted to arrest him. When he arrived at the Michigan penitentiary to begin a life sentence, this is said of him: "I don't know anything about the verdict or the sentence," he said, "my lawyer will attend to that. I only know that my poor wife, who is now in Racine, will be heartbroken. God bless her. My mother, too, will hardly stand this crushing blow."

The usual interview was held with the warden, during which Wright wept bitterly at the mention of his wife and mother. He was then taken to the tailor shop, from which he emerged clad in prison stripes. After dinner he was sent to work in the iron foundry of the wagon shop.

Mr. George Koeppe, editor of the Germania, of Milwaukee, when asked about the conference at Madison, is said to have announced: "Well, I do not yet know much about it, but I take it that there is a disposition to make the amendments to the law that we ask for. Yes; I think an understanding will be reached; but I shall know more about it after I have seen some friends of mine who attended the conference." Mr. Koeppe does not find his situation in the democratic camp a very pleasant one, and he will make important concessions on the educational law.

A lesson worth something to a certain class of heirs who fight wills to prevent bequests to charitable purposes: The Baptist Missionary Union in Boston was surprised the other day by a lady and gentleman who walked into the office and left \$5,000 which they said their brother had intended to bequeath the Union, but death overtook him before he made his will.

Junior Oliver has received over 200 abusive letters since the Cronin trial, and although anxious to sell out and move away, no one will purchase his property. He says that he would drown himself rather than serve on another jury, no matter what the case. Mr. Oliver was unfortunate. A man who makes a fool of himself will always receive the penalty.

It will be noticed by reading the democratic papers that the Wisconsin democrats do not like the republican conference. It did not turn out as they expected. There are always disappointed men for the Wisconsin democracy.

The Chicago papers are discussing the republican situation in Wisconsin as if they didn't know anything about it.

OF INTEREST TO ATHLETES.

James Robinson, the athletic trainer at Princeton College, Princeton, N. J., says:

"I have found it imperative to have sure and simple remedies on hand in cases of cuts, bruises, strains, sprains, rheumatism, etc. Shortly after entering upon my profession in this country, I discovered such a remedy in ALCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. I tried other plasters, but found them too harsh and irritating."

Alcock's Porous Plasters give almost instantaneous relief, and their strengthening power is remarkable. I have cured scores of students and friends of sore throats and colds by the application of these plasters on the throat and chest. I had a pupil who contracted a severe cold which settled on his kidneys. I placed two plasters over the kidneys and the result was that in six hours he was entirely well. In cases of weak back put two plasters on the small of the back, and in a short time you will be capable of quite severe exercise. In "sprain" and "distention" races and jumping, the muscles or tendons in the legs and feet sometimes weaken. This can invariably be relieved by cutting the plaster in narrow strips, so as to give free motion, and applying on muscles affected.

I have used ALCOCK'S PLASTERS successfully in walking matches, when the legs become tired and swollen with over exertion, by covering the important muscles with them.

It is my unreserved opinion—an opinion formed after considerable experience—that Alcock's Porous Plasters are a most efficacious and valuable remedy. Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for Alcock's, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

Alcock's Corn and Bunion Shields effect quick and certain relief.

There Was No Express Robbery.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, May 3.—Superintendent Murray of this city, who has charge of the Wells Fargo route on the Southern Pacific between San Antonio and New Orleans, emphatically denies that any robbery took place at Eagle Lake or any other point on the line as reported in the press dispatches. Messenger Howard arrived last night from New Orleans and also says that neither he nor any other messenger to his knowledge was held up or robbed of \$15,000 or any other sum of money.

College Orators of Many States.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 3.—The Interstate Oratorical society has finished its work. The first place was awarded to S. W. Naylor of Washington College, Topeka, Kan., and second place to A. C. Douglas of Monmouth College, Monmouth, Ill. Officers were elected as follows: President, W. A. Huston, DePaul University; vice-president, E. C. Ogden, Iowa Agricultural College; secretary, L. B. Smith, Beloit College, Missouri; was admitted to the association. The next contest will be held in Des Moines.

JOHN OATES and Gregory Spinks, two miners at Butte, Mont., fell down the shaft of a mine and were killed.

WHAT IS A COLD IN THE HEAD? Medical authorities say it is due to uneven clothing of the body, rapid cooling when in a perspiration, &c. The important point is, that a cold in the head is an inflammation of the lining membrane of the nose, which, when unchecked, is certain to produce a catarrhal condition, for catarrh is essentially a "cold" which nature is no longer able to "resolve" or throw off. Ely's Cream Balm has proved its superiority, and sufferers should resort to it before that common ailment becomes seated and ends in obstinate catarrh.

100 Ladies Wanted, And 100 men to call on any druggist for a FREE TRIAL package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane, while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. It is the best spring medicine known. Large-size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

Special California Excursions. The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co. has arranged for a series of weekly excursions to California in through Pullman cars from Chicago to San Francisco without change. Accommodations in these cars are available for holders of either first or second class tickets, and completely furnished double berths are provided for \$1.00 each, Chicago to San Francisco. These cars will leave Chicago every Wednesday at 10:30 p. m. and arrive in San Francisco the following Sunday at 10:30 a. m. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co.

S. JACOBS OIL

CURES PERMANENTLY BRUISES AND WOUNDS.

Fell From a Telegraph Pole. I was badly bruised, I fell from a telegraph pole, couldn't turn in bed. Doctors did no good. Tried S. Jacobs Oil. Cured me. W. H. SCANNELL.

The Kicker Outwitted. Merced, Cal., Sept. 29, 1888. I was kicked by a mule on road knee and could not walk for three days; suffered two weeks, but S. Jacobs Oil cured me completely. L. L. LADD.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER CO., Baltimore, Md.

Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review.

New York, May 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says that the outlook for industries and legitimate trade is distinctly less favorable, owing to damage to wheat and cotton and labor disturbances. The markets at Chicago have been much influenced by information of injury to wheat. From St. Paul, Omaha, and Milwaukee reports of the outlook are favorable, but short crops of winter wheat and of cotton would be felt next fall. As yet the markets for materials have not been much affected, though sales of lumber are restricted in some cities. The immediate prospect is that many industries may be to some extent disturbed for weeks to come.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the Ivory."

They are not, but like all counterfeits, they lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for Ivory Soap and insist upon having it. 'Tis sold everywhere.

Surveyor to the Masses. KNEFF & ALLEN. TAILORS AND Haberdashers! SIMPLE REASONS. We carry the assortment. We make the prices right. We sell only what can be guaranteed. And we will fit you correctly. DO NOT MISTAKE THE PLACE. EAST END OF THE BRIDGE.

HARNESS. SPECIAL SALE

We have in stock the best line of Heavy and Fine Harness!

IN THE CITY.

We make no cheap goods of hemlock and belly stock, but use only No. 1 Pittsburgh oak. We are here to stay, not to sell out and leave before you ascertain what you have bought.

A SPECIALTY OF

Horse Boots and Sporting Goods

Repairing done neatly

Harness made to order

HALL & SON,

Successors to Jas. A. Fathers

Corner Main and Park Place.

TIMELY TALK.

What is a cold in the head? Medical authorities say it is due to uneven clothing of the body, rapid cooling when in a perspiration, &c. The important point is, that a cold in the head is an inflammation of the lining membrane of the nose, which, when unchecked, is certain to produce a catarrhal condition, for catarrh is essentially a "cold" which nature is no longer able to "resolve" or throw off. Ely's Cream Balm has proved its superiority, and sufferers should resort to it before that common ailment becomes seated and ends in obstinate catarrh.

100 Ladies Wanted, And 100 men to call on any druggist for a FREE TRIAL package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane, while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. It is the best spring medicine known. Large-size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

Special California Excursions. The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co. has arranged for a series of weekly excursions to California in through Pullman cars from Chicago to San Francisco without change. Accommodations in these cars are available for holders of either first or second class tickets, and completely furnished double berths are provided for \$1.00 each, Chicago to San Francisco. These cars will leave Chicago every Wednesday at 10:30 p. m. and arrive in San Francisco the following Sunday at 10:30 a. m. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co.

S. JACOBS OIL

CURES PERMANENTLY BRUISES AND WOUNDS.

Fell From a Telegraph Pole. I was badly bruised, I fell from a telegraph pole, couldn't turn in bed. Doctors did no good. Tried S. Jacobs Oil. Cured me. W. H. SCANNELL.

The Kicker Outwitted. Merced, Cal., Sept. 29, 1888. I was kicked by a mule on road knee and could not walk for three days; suffered two weeks, but S. Jacobs Oil cured me completely. L. L. LADD.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER CO., Baltimore, Md.

C. W. HODSON'S
MERCHANT MILLS!
ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

The first mill in Southern Wisconsin to adopt the roller system, and its brands of flour are unsurpassed by any in the north-west.

VIENNA
Pearl White Patent Flour
HAS NO EQUAL AND THE
VIENNA
the best family flour ever put on the market. The other brands manufactured are the
WHITE LOAF, BADGER
ROLLER MILLS, OLD
TIMES AND RUBY.

Also a very fine grade of winter wheat flour (Crown Brand). All prominent grocers keep these brands of flour. Call for them and have no other.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
Leading Insurance Companies!
OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.
They can truthfully be said to be
TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,
ALSO THE
Travelers' Accident Insurance Company.
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,
Very Respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

LOWELL'S
ADDITION TO JANESVILLE!
AN OPEN SECRET. DON'T GIVE IT AWAY!

The new unknown addition to Janesville,
7 and 9 River Street.

To convince you it is not all wind and words, come and see my stock and get my prices. TIN SHOP ON FIRST FLOOR; all kinds of tin and sheet iron work done. STOVES STORED.
Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors, Rakes, Shovels, &c. Remember the place.
E. W. LOWELL, 7 and 9 River St.

SIMON'S,
CORNER OF MYERS HOUSE.

For the Next Ten days we will sell a lot of All Wool Suits, formerly sold at 10, 12 and 15, all at
COME AT ONCE, AS THIS SALE IS FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.

SIMON
Corner of Myers House.

NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE.
THE MAGNET!
NEW CHAMBER SETS,
NEW DINNER SETS,
NEW HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW TINWARE,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW NOTIONS.

Everything new at THE MAGNET. No old stock on the counters or shelves of this wake-up concern.

Square Dealing and Lowest Prices
For perfect goods, is our motto. Come and see us and you will come again.
THE MAGNET, 21 E. Milwaukee St.

OTTO GAS ENGINE
THE Hand Embroiderer

I keep in stock a number of fine Tombstones and Monuments. Which can be bought at A Better Bargain!

then can be made with any traveling man, also have a large number of the latest and best designs and can furnish monuments in any style or size desired.

Be Sure and Get My Prices! before placing orders with traveling men, who neglect low when in competition with home dealers, and charge two prices when they can make a sale without the customer looking else where.

F. A. BENNETT,
Corner of Wall and Franklin Sts., Janesville, Wis.

We have the exclusive agency for the city and county for this little machine, which accomplishes more work in one hour than can be done to ten hours by hand, and the work is equally as fine. We have samples of the work on exhibition, in velvet, silk and worsted. The machines have always sold for \$3.00. Our price is \$1.00. Don't forget to call

Hanchett & Seldon
Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the largest and
BEST SELECTED STOCK OF HARDWARE.
IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS
Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties this season may be found the celebrated
ALASKA :: REFRIGERATOR,
The only Dry Air Refrigerator Made.

Pennsylvania and Splendid LAWN MOWERS.
New Process and Reliable Gasoline Stoves.
Best in the world. Barb wire at Flat Prices.
Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.
BEST AND CHEAPEST LINE OF COAL AND WOOD COOK
Stoves and Ranges in the Market.
Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

CAZETTE
PAPER BOX MANUFACTURING
Our facilities for doing
work are unsurpassed.
STEAM BINDERY
RULING AND BLANK BOOK WORK A SPECIALTY

We Bind:
PAMPHLETS,
LAW BOOKS,
MAGAZINES,
MEDICAL WORKS,
ETC.
On Short Notice.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE.
GRISWOLD & SANBORN'S
SPECIALTIES.
CARDINAL GASOLINE STOVES,
No Needle Valves to Leak.
Anthony Wayne Washing Machines, Cheapest and Best
CHALLENGE ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS
Hardwood, Zinc Lined, Charcoal Filled, with Perfect Ventilation. The only Refrigerator made that air is dry enough to preserve matches and dry clothes, and save 25 per cent. on ice bill.
THE CELEBRATED Clauss Shears and Scissors, EVERY PAIR
For Families, Barbers and Paper Hangers.
Everybody Knows Philadelphia Lawn Mowers
ARE THE BEST MADE.
Estimates Furnished Contractors and Builders on all kinds of Tin, Copper and Galvanized Iron Work.
N. B. Our Motto: Not to be undersold on equal quality of goods

GENUINE BARGAINS
—IN—
FURNITURE!
AT
CLEMENT WILLIAMS & CO.,
137 and 139 Wisconsin St. Milwaukee.
Plain and Artistic Furniture in all the Newest
Styles and at the Very Lowest Prices.

OTTO GAS ENGINE
THEY MOST ECONOMICAL POWER IN USE. MAY BE SEEN AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

